

Thursday 1 January

Joint Statement by International Humanitarian Organizations

53 International NGOs warn Israel's recent registration measures will impede critical humanitarian action

International humanitarian organizations operating in the occupied Palestinian territory warn that Israel's recent registration measures threaten to halt INGO operations at a time when civilians face acute and widespread humanitarian need, despite the ceasefire in Gaza. On 30 December, 37 INGOs received official notification that their registrations would expire on 31 December 2025. This triggers a 60-day period after which INGOs would be required to cease operations in Gaza and the West Bank, including East Jerusalem.

INGOs are integral to the humanitarian response, working in partnership with the United Nations and Palestinian civil society organizations to deliver lifesaving assistance at scale. The United Nations, the [Humanitarian Country Team](#), and [donor governments](#) have repeatedly affirmed that INGOs are indispensable to humanitarian and development operations and have urged Israel to reverse course.

Despite the ceasefire, humanitarian needs remain extreme. In Gaza, one in four families survives on just one meal a day. Winter storms have displaced tens of thousands, leaving 1.3 million people in urgent need of shelter. INGOs deliver more than half of all food assistance in Gaza, run or support 60 per cent of field hospitals, implement nearly three-quarters of shelter and non-food item activities, and provide all treatment for children with severe acute malnutrition. Their removal would close health facilities, halt food distributions, collapse shelter pipelines, and cut off life-saving care. In the West Bank, ongoing military raids and settler violence continue to drive displacement. Further restrictions on INGOs would sharply reduce the reach and continuity of lifesaving assistance at a critical moment.

Recent efforts to assess the impact of deregistering INGOs through selective metrics do not capture how humanitarian assistance is delivered in practice. Humanitarian

access must be measured by whether civilians receive the right assistance, in the right place, at the right time.

INGOs operate under strict donor-mandated compliance frameworks, including audits, counterterror financing controls, and due diligence requirements that meet international standards. More than 500 humanitarian workers have been killed since 7 October 2023. INGOs cannot transfer sensitive personal data to a party to the conflict since this would breach humanitarian principles, duty of care and data protection obligations. False narratives delegitimize humanitarian organizations, endanger staff, and undermine the delivery of assistance.

This is not a technical or administrative matter, but a deliberate policy choice with foreseeable consequences. If registrations are allowed to lapse, the Israeli government will obstruct humanitarian assistance at scale. Humanitarian access is not optional, conditional, or political. It is a legal obligation under international humanitarian law. This move would also set a dangerous precedent by extending Israeli authority over humanitarian operations in the occupied Palestinian territory, contrary to the internationally recognized legal framework governing the territory and the role of the [Palestinian Authority](#).

We call on the Government of Israel to immediately halt deregistration proceedings and lift measures obstructing humanitarian assistance. We urge donor governments to use all available leverage to secure the suspension and reversal of these actions. Independent, principled humanitarian operations must be protected to ensure civilians can receive the assistance they urgently need.

Note to editors:

- The role of INGOs is irreplaceable across all humanitarian sectors:
- **Health:** INGOs run or support approximately 60 percent of Gaza's field hospitals. Deregistration would result in the immediate closure of roughly one in three health facilities.
- **Food security:** INGOs delivered more than half of all food assistance in 2024, including the majority of cooked-meal distribution points.
- **Shelter:** INGOs have implemented nearly three-quarters of all shelter and non-food item activities. Approximately 600,000 shelter items are currently in INGO supply pipelines.

- **Water and sanitation:** INGOs deliver 42 percent of all WASH services, including outbreak prevention and response for acute watery diarrhea.
- **Nutrition:** INGOs support all five stabilization centers treating children with severe acute malnutrition, representing 100 percent of Gaza's treatment capacity.
- **Mine action:** INGOs provide more than half of all funding for explosive hazard clearance. Removal of INGOs would result in capacity reductions of up to 100 percent.
- **Education:** INGOs run or support around 30 percent of emergency education activities, which already reach only a limited proportion of the school-age population.
- Principled humanitarian organizations cannot transfer sensitive personal data of national staff or their families. This is consistent with humanitarian principles, duty-of-care obligations, and global data-protection standards applied across all contexts.
- Restrictions on INGOs also directly affect Palestinian and Israeli partner organizations, undermining local response capacity, disrupting funding flows, and weakening community-based service delivery across sectors.
- INGOs are legally authorized to operate and remain committed to delivering humanitarian assistance through UN coordination systems and local partnerships, while continuing to seek the removal of measures that obstruct aid delivery.

Signatories:

1. Acs
2. Action Against Hunger (ACF)
3. Action for Humanity
4. ActionAid
5. American Friends Service Committee (AFSC)
6. Amnesty International
7. AOI - Cooperazione e Solidarietà internazionale - Italia

8. CADUS e.V.
9. Campaign for the Children of Palestine (CCP Japan)
- 10.CARE Canada
- 11.CARE International UK
- 12.Children are Not Numbers
- 13.Churches for Middle East Peace
- 14.CISS - Cooperazione Internazionale Sud Sud
- 15.Council for Arab-British Understanding (Caabu)
- 16.DanChurchAid
- 17.Danish Refugee Council
- 18.Diakonia
- 19.EducAid
- 20.Emergency NGO
- 21.Fondation Terre des hommes Lausanne
- 22.Glia
- 23.HEKS/EPER - Swiss Church Aid
- 24.Human Rights Solidarity
- 25.Humanity & Inclusion - Handicap International
- 26.INTERPAL
- 27.Islamic Relief
- 28.Japan International Volunteer Center (JVC)
- 29.Médecins du Monde - Suisse
- 30.Médecins du Monde - France
- 31.Médecins Sans Frontières
- 32.Medical Aid for Palestinians
- 33.medico international

34. Medicos Del Mundo (MDM - Spain)
35. Mennonite Central Committee
36. Middle East Children's Alliance
37. NORWAC (Norwegian aid committee)
38. Norwegian Church Aid
39. Norwegian People's Aid
40. Norwegian Refugee Council
41. Oxfam
42. Pax Christi USA
43. Peace Winds Japan
44. Premiere Urgence Internationale
45. Quakers in Britain
46. Solidarités International
47. Terre des hommes Italy
48. Un Ponte Per
49. United Against Inhumanity
50. Vento di Terra ETS
51. War Child Alliance Foundation
52. War on Want
53. WeWorld-GVC